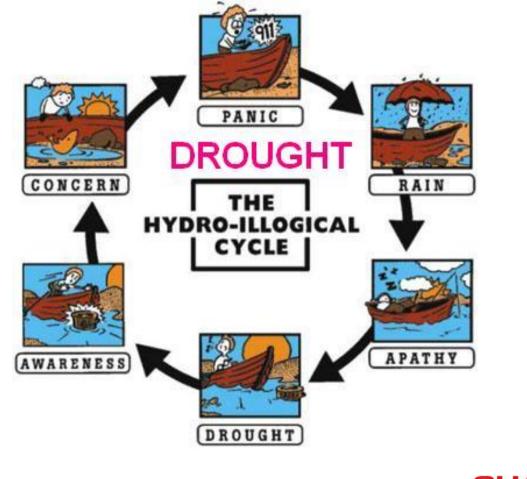
**CHARLOTTE** PIPE AND FOUNDRY COMPANY **Building A Case For** Water Reuse In Commercial Buildings ASPE

Paul Riedinger, MBA, LEED AP BD+C





## The Hydro-Illogical Cycle





Water is a precious resource







Three-fourths of the earth is covered by water.

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- Oceans (salt water) make up 97 percent of the earth's water





- Three-fourths of the earth is covered by water.
  - Glaciers and ice caps make up 2 percent







- Three-fourths of the earth is covered by water.
  - Fresh water makes up ONLY 1 percent.





**ReUze** 

#### "Unquenchable", Robert Glennon

• Orme, TN ran out of water

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Had to truck in water from AL





#### "Unquenchable", Robert Glennon

 Hundreds of workers lost their jobs at a SC paper plant because of low water levels



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#### "Unquenchable", Robert Glennon

 Colorado farmers watch their crops wither because of low rain and no water source for irrigation



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#### Texas 2011







#### "Unquenchable", Robert Glennon

- Scientists at the Scripps Institute of Oceanography predict that Lake Mead could dry up by 2021
  - Serves 22 million people.

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#### "Unquenchable", Robert Glennon

- Atlanta came within three months of running out of water
- They banned watering lawns, washing cars & filling swimming pools



ReUze



#### "Unquenchable", Robert Glennon

 Charlotte watering bans for several years due to water shortages.



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#### "Unquenchable", Robert Glennon

 The NRC rebuffed Southern Nuclear from opening two new nuclear reactors in GA due to water shortages.



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"Unquenchable", Robert Glennon

 Coal-fired power plants shelved in Idaho, Arizona and Montana because of water shortages

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Small percentage of our primary water supply is actually used for drinking.





Source: Tech KNOWLEDGE Strategic Group

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- Small percentage of our primary water supply is actually used for drinking.
- Most individuals drink less than a gallon a day





Source: Tech KNOWLEDGEy Strategic Group

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- 130 gallons of water per capita per day in US
- Most of it used where the water doesn't have to be treated to highly exacting drinking water standards



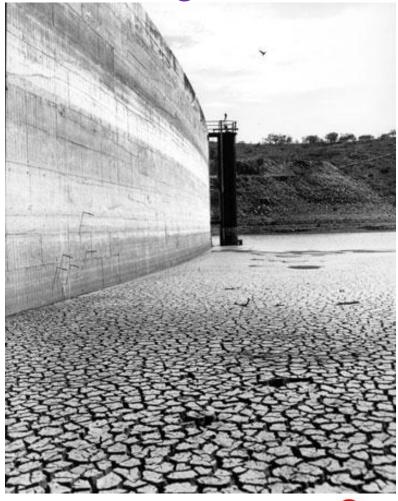


Source: Tech KNOWLEDGEy Strategic Group

## Potable Water Usage

#### 50% - 90 % of all potable water

- 1. Irrigation
- 2. Industrial
- 3. Toilet/Urinal



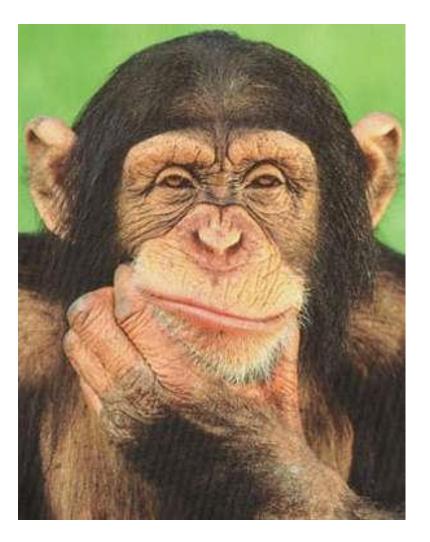


# The State of the Water Industry "Whiskey is for drinking. Water is for fighting over." Mark Twain

Fight for the Water Hole by Frederic Remington

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#### **Solutions**



# More Efficient Use of Water Modern Fixtures

- Toilets
- Urinals
- Showerheads
- Faucets

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- Metering Faucets
- Commercial Faucets



More Efficient Dishwashers and Washing Machines



# More Efficient Use of Water

- Replace or repair Leaking Faucets and Fixtures
- Repair Leaking Pipes and Fittings
- Update Low Flow Aerators on Faucets
- Automated Faucets and Fixtures



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## **Consider Reusing Water**



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- Toilet and urinal flushing

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- Fire protection

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 Decorative fountains and other water features

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– Irrigation





#### - Process water

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#### - Bus and car washing

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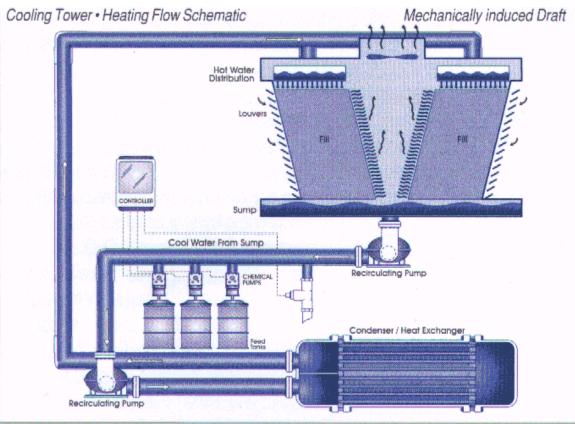




#### Cooling tower make up water

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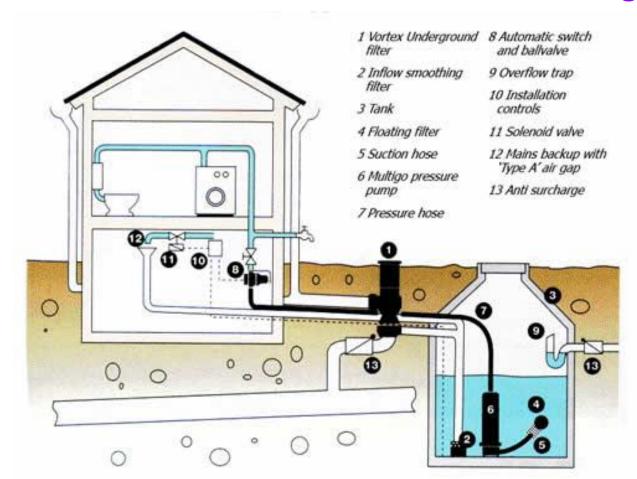
- Pool water







#### **Rainwater Harvesting**



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## **Rainwater Systems**

- Can Help with Volume Control
- Reduce the Cumulative Effect of Stormwater on Downstream Systems



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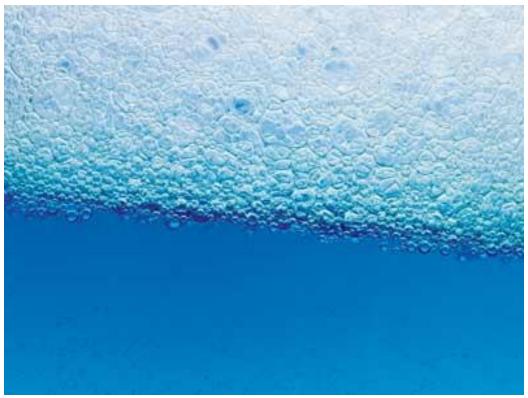
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## **Rainwater Systems**

- Provide Remarkably Soft Water
- No Need For Water Softeners
- Less Soaps Required







## **Gray Water Reuse**

- From lavs, tubs, showers, clothes washers and laundry tubs
- Untreated household waste water that has not come into contact with toilet waste
- NOT waste water from kitchen sinks, dishwashers, water closets or urinals



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#### Gray Water Reuse Reuse Cooling Tower Blow-Down Water





#### **Reclaimed/Recycled Water**

- Supplied by a public agency with EPA quality standards
- Highly regulated

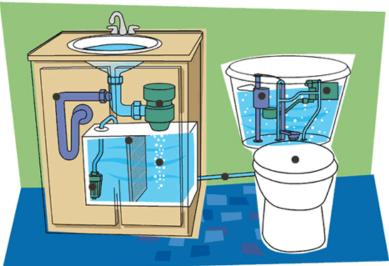
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- Mandated use in some communities as a second tap
- Requires Massive Energy
- Requires Massive Money





#### Some Combination of Water Supplies for Future Buildings (Smart Building?)











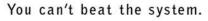
#### LEED®

- LEED Green Building Rating System<sup>™</sup>
- Prerequisites and credits address 7 topics, one of which is Water Efficiency (WE)
- LEED Certifications are based on the following scale
  - Certified 40-49 points
  - Silver 50-59 points
  - Gold 60-69 points

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- Platinum 80 points and above







### LEED 2012 (Draft)

 Utilizing reuse water for applications such as irrigation, toilet and urinal flushing and cooling tower make up water.





### LEED 2012 (Draft)

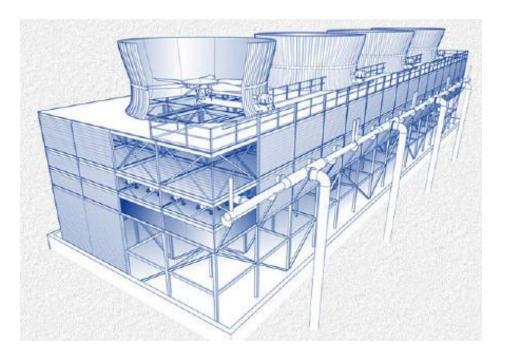
 LEED is also looking to redefine the description of water as a resource instead of stormwater as a management problem. The draft version of the new LEED takes two stormwater credits from LEED 2009 and rolls them into a single credit.



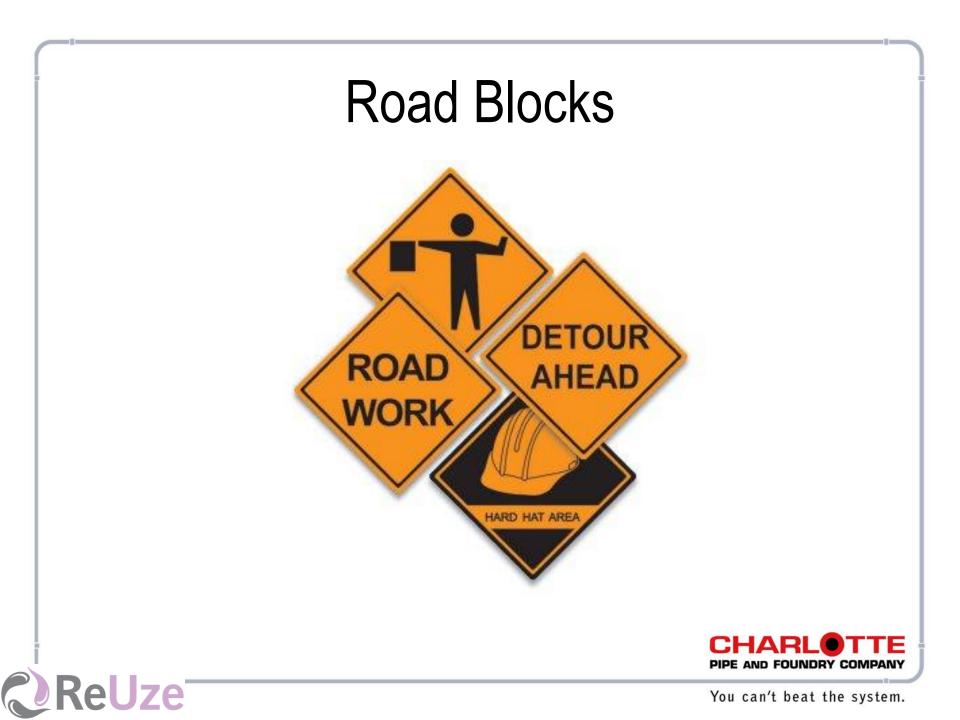


### LEED 2012 (Draft)

 This fits nicely into the new proposed WE credit, Cooling Tower Makeup Water, where water reuse would be a positive effect on water efficiency and overall reduction of water use.







#### Code Issues

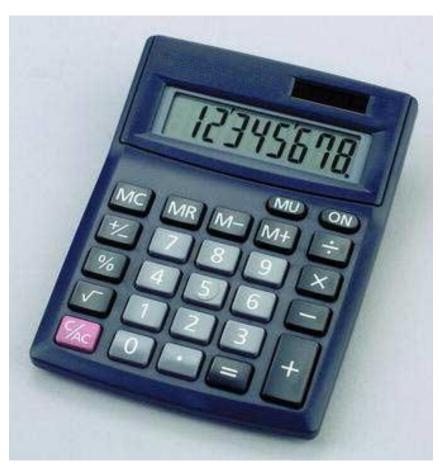




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#### The Issue of Cost

Reuse System Too Expensive



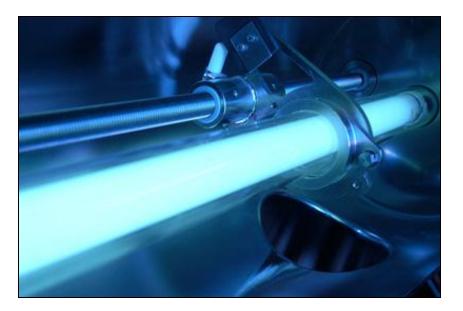




#### The VE Dilemma

Water treatment system can be expensive \$30K-\$200K+









#### The VE Dilemma

#### Water storage can also be expensive







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### **Operating Costs**

- Lower water bills
- Lower sewage bills
- PM required
  - Fits well into LEED document manuals









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### Are These Systems Economically Viable?



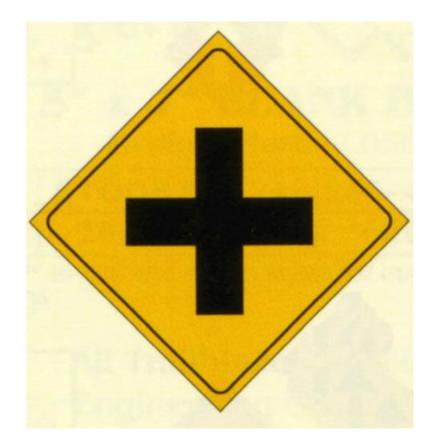


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**Are These Systems Economically** Viable? Maybe, **Maybe Not** 



#### Four Water Reuse Drivers



- 1. Green client
- 2. Water supply problems
- 3. Integrating stormwater BMP
- 4. Rising water costs



#### 1. Green Customer



Monroe County Community School Corporation Transportation Building, Bloomington, IN MEP Design-Aire, Indianapolis, IN Bob Boulware







- 15,000 gallons per month
- \$25K added costs





#### Bus Washing Softer water Less soap used and sent downstream





#### **Another Green Customer**



Keithshire ES, Lexington, KY CMTA Engineers





- 76K Square Feet
- RWH System
- Solar Energy Panels
- Solar Hot Water
- Permeable Pavers



Keithshire ES, Lexington, KY \*Not a LEED project



### 2. Water Supply Problems



Ryerson Forrest Preserve Welcome Center Riverwoods, IL





#### \$1M To Provide Muni Water To Visitor Center

- Strategies
  - Fire Protection
  - Toilets/Urinals
  - Irrigation





**Ryerson Forrest Preserve Welcome Center** 

Riverwoods, IL



### Using Condensate H2O Rice University

- A/C Condensate
- 12 M Gallons/Year
- 5-6% Annual Consumption
- \$80-100K Savings/year





#### 3. Water Reuse as a Stormwater Best Management Practice\*







•Using reclaimed water in cooling towers provides quickest ROI

#### •Cooling towers are typically the largest consumers of water in buildings

\*2011 LEED recently out for comment WE credit, Cooling Tower Makeup Water, where water reuse would be a positive effect on water efficiency and overall reduction of water use



#### 4. Increasing Water Fees and Prices





# Increasing Water Fees and Prices Smaller municipal water impact fees possible

#### 

Example #1:

- Austin, TX example:
  - 2" water impact fee \$9,000
  - 4" water impact fee \$30,000
  - 6" water impact fee \$57,800



Austin also offers a significant savings for tapping Reclaimed water.



#### **Increasing Water Fees and Prices**

Example #2:

- Columbus, OH example:
  - 2" water impact fee \$16,000
  - 4" water impact fee \$51,000
  - 6" impact fee \$102,000





#### **Increasing Water Fees and Prices**

#### Example #3

- Gwinnett County, GA example:
  - 2" water impact fee \$36,000
  - 4" water impact fee \$100,000
  - 6" water impact fee \$317,000





#### **Increasing Water Fees and Prices**



#### Example #4

- Littleton, CO example:
  - 2" water impact fee \$40,000 to \$45,248
  - 4" water impact fee \$180,000 to \$203,000
  - 6" water impact fee \$470,000 to \$581,000



The cost of water in the United States is going up

- Up 27% between 2002 and 2007\*
- Many communities water has nearly doubled from 2005-2010
- Water prices increasing faster than oil prices





\* Water Prices Rising Worldwide, Edwin H. Clark, II

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**EPA Mandates - \$ Billions** 

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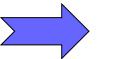




Cost to transport water

Source >

Treatment



You

**Energy Intensive Process** 

#### 4-6% of All US Energy Costs to Treat & Move Water



#### **New Mexico**



 40% of New Mexico's Energy is Used to Treat and Deliver Water





Total demand

Increased demand

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Larger Facilities & Systems

**Higher Costs** 



# **Escalating Water Costs**

- Price subsidies: 40% municipalities worldwide *Do Not* charge enough to meet basic operations & maintenance.
- This is changing

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### **Aging Water Infrastructure**





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### Aging Water Infrastructure: Chicago

- 600 miles of pipe that are over 100 years old
- Existing mains are leaking 25% of the water they carry
- 250 million gallons of water due to leaks EVERY day.





# **Pricy Water Infrastructure**

Treatment

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- AWWA: \$500B to \$1T next 20 years in The United States
- Energy Costs continue to rise
- Material Costs continue to rise





### 24 Water Bills Currently Before Congress



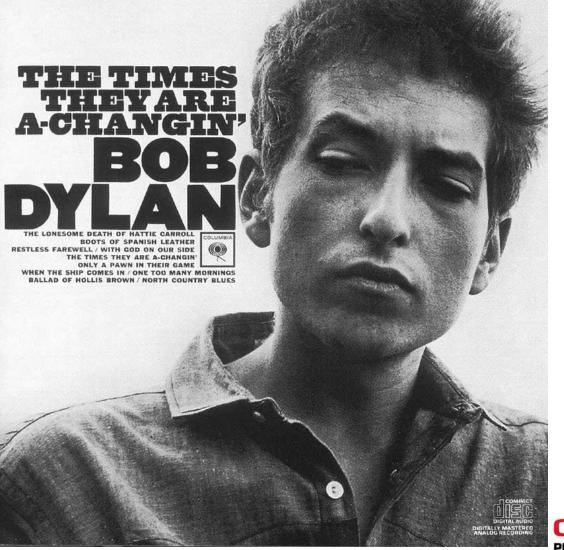


### **Cheap Water Today**

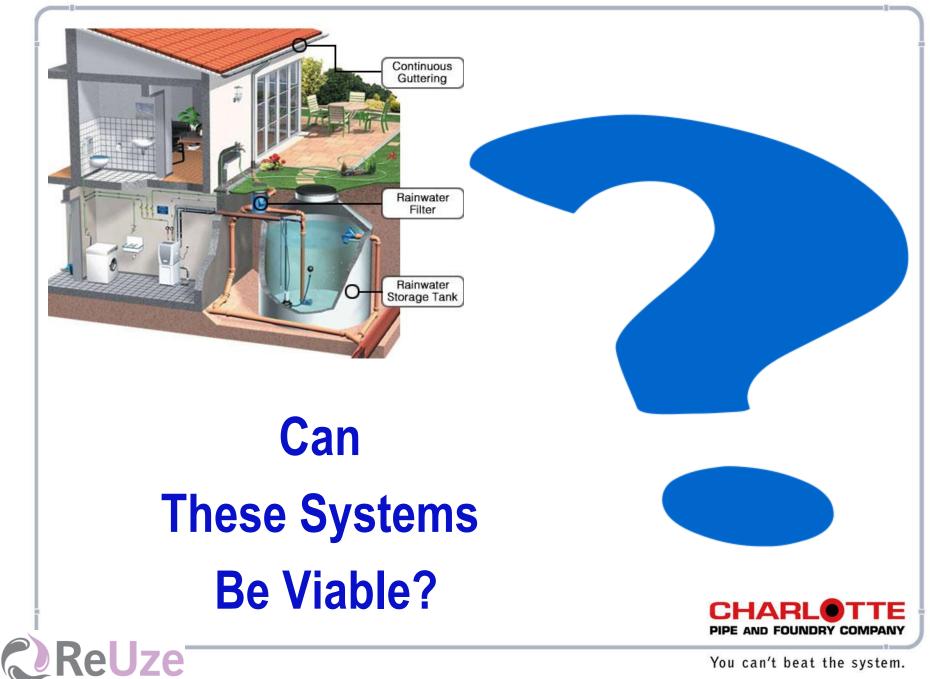




### Cheap Water? How Much Longer?







### What Do We Focus On?





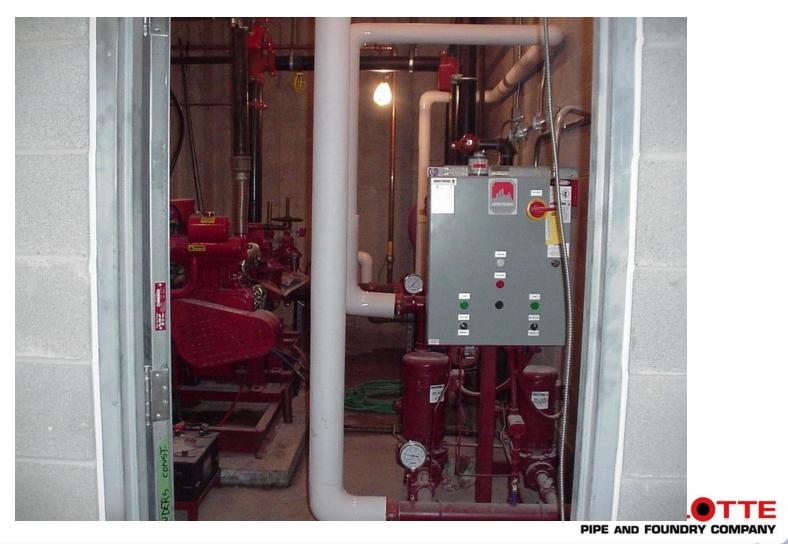






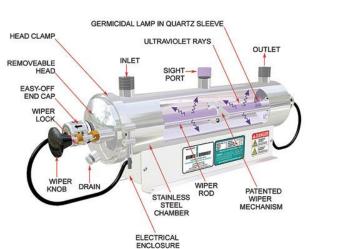


### What Do We Tend To Ignore?



### What Should We Consider?





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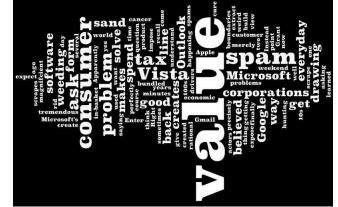
### What Influences Our Decisions?



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### Make Your Project or Home More Water Efficient













### Spread the Word





# What Is Charlotte Pipe and Foundry Doing?



ReUze





# **Saving Water**

- CP&F recycles more than 17 million gallons of water every week.
- Store and recycle and reuse storm water runoff.





### Charlotte Pipe and Foundry Water Treatment





Rainwater, Gray Water and Reuse Water

eUze



### What is ReUze™?

- Purple Pipe Used to Convey Non-Potable Water Inside of a Building
- With FlowGuard Gold®

ReUze

– Utilizes Low VOC Cement





### Why is it Purple?

- Identifies non-potable water
  - Language barriers
  - Illiterate
  - Dyslexic



and...

ReUze



### Why is it Purple?

2009 IPC, 608.2.2 "Purple shall be used to identify reclaimed, rain and gray water distribution systems"







### Why use ReUze?

### Reduced Condensation





- ReUze<sup>™</sup> easily adapts to fixtures
- Ease of Installation
- Low VOC Cements
- Simple to design

ReUze





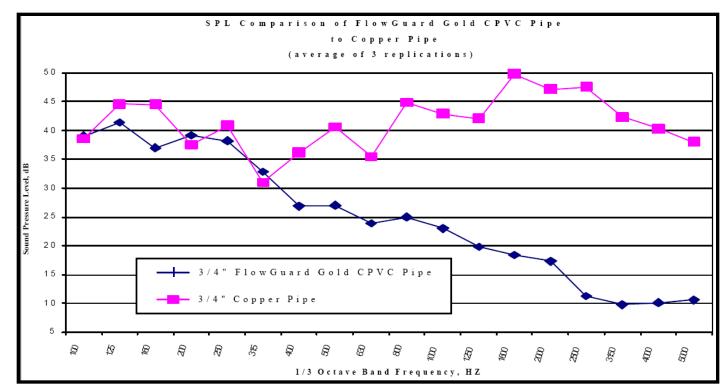
### Why use ReUze?

### ASTM E 84 Plenum Rated





### Why use ReUze?



Quiet Operation

Jze

- No need to insulate ReUze
- 50+ year history of successful installations





### What Will You Do?





